A rusty way to store samples at liquid nitrogen temperatures

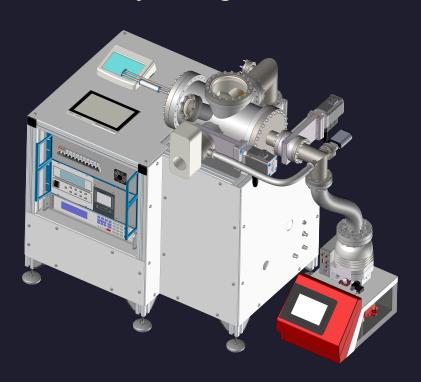
Why all of this?

- Biological samples in a mass spectrometer: A problem with a solution!
 - Biological samples are generally water
 - . We want to analyze camples in ultra-high vacuum (HHV) ~10-10 mbar
 - Solution: Freeze the samples!
- Sample preparation
 - High-pressure freezing vitrifies the sample
 - · Cutting, polishing, coating, imaging
 - Immediate transfer to UHV prevents humidity crystallizing on sample
- Sample analysis
 - CryoNanoSIMS @EPFL
 - Can hold 2 samples at liquid nitrogen temperatures for analysis
- The current limitation
 - Sample preparation can work on more than 2 samples at a time
 - We want to store samples in UHV at liquid nitrogen temperatures for days to weeks!

The CryoNanoSIMS

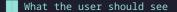


The CryoStorage chamber



How can we make this work in a user friendly way?

- Hardware What we are dealing with
 - 10" ReTerminal DM with touch screen (Raspberry Pi based)
 - Various instrument controllers that communicate via RS-232, RS-485, TCP/IP
 - Instruments that need to be controlled with digital signals (24 V)

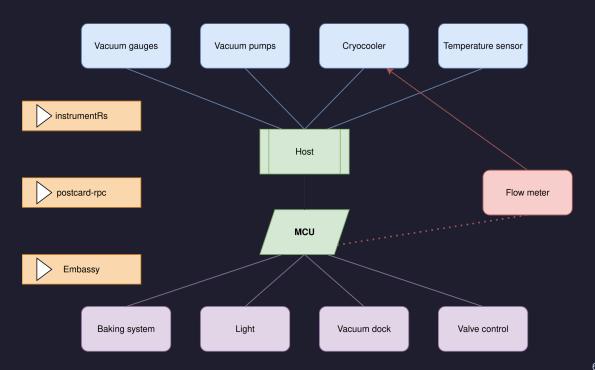


- Touch UI on the ReTerminal
- · Status of all instruments
- Control of all functions
- The attack plan



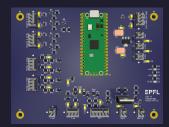


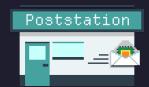
How things hang together...



Oxidizing the CryoStorage chamber

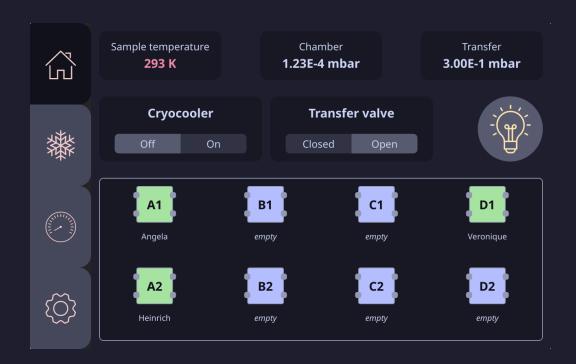
- Rust all the way down the stack
- Digital IO instrument control
 - Design electronics board to plug in a RaspberryPi Pico
 - Dual Cortex-M33 @150 MHz
 - 4 MB flash
 - 512 kB SRAM
 - Firmware:
 - Embedded Rust
 - Embassy: EMBedded ASYnc
- Communications MCU <-> Host
 - postcard and postcard-rpc for RPC over USB
 - RPC calls and broadcasts
- Host level
 - Poststation simplifies host communication
 - slint UI for touch interface
 - instrumentRs drivers for each additional instrument
 Had to build this from scratch :)
 - tokio async runtime on host







The current status of our touch UI



Hello embedded world with embassy

```
No heap -> no std!

    Access the hardware:

   PACs (peripheral
     access crates)
     HALs (hardware
      abstraction layer)
     BSCs (board support
      crates)

    Embassy provides us

  with an async executor

    Various Rust embedded

  rooms on Matrix
   Great community
      support and help!

    Firmware can be

  developed in safe Rust
   • We get all the
     benefits of Rust
```

```
#![no_std]
#![no main]
use defmt::*:
use embassy_executor::Spawner;
use embassy_rp::qpio;
use embassy_time::Timer;
use gpio::{Level, Output};
use {defmt_rtt as _, panic_probe as _};
#[embassv executor::main]
async fn main(_spawner: Spawner) {
    let p =
embassy_rp::init(Default::default());
    let mut led = Output::new(p.PIN 25.
Level::Low);
    loop {
        info!("led on!");
        led.set high():
        Timer::after millis(250).await:
        info!("led off!");
        led.set low():
        Timer::after_millis(250).await;
```

Take-aways: Why Rust and what's to come?

Embedded Rust

- Rust is great for embedded development
- Mature ecosystem, great community

Are we GUI yet?

- Slint: great for GUIs on limited hardware
- Full desktop applications... soon?
 - https://slint.dev/blog/making-slint-desktop-r eady



Even Ferris likes the cold!

Future plans

Electronics

- Test our reworked second edition board
- Design and build third version

instrumentRs

- Some instruments we need are still missing
- instrumentRs has some weird design choices at the moment that need to be thought over
- It works... but could be better!

Host software

Test and integrate with the system